LESSON PLAN

Trade: ELECTRICIAN Date: 08.02.2021 Lesson No: 01

Module/Unit: II Time: 30 Minutes

Hints

Use chart, project

I. PREPARATION:

Title: Verification of Kirchhoff's Law

(1) Objectives: (After teaching this lesson the learns will be able to)

- 1. Define Kirchhoff's Law and state its uses.
- 2. List the types of Kirchhoff's Law
- 3. Explain the Kirchhoff's Law for current and voltage in series & parallel circuits
- 4. State the advantage and Disadvantage of Kirchhoff's Law
- (2) Teaching Aids: Chalkboard, chalk, charts, computer system, projector, etc.

(3) Introduction:

- (a) Review: Introduction to Common DC Circuits and their function.
- (b) Motivation: Kirchhoff's Law is a very important for network analysis.

Development	Information Points	
/ Topics		
Definition	Kirchhoff's Law describes current in a node and voltage around loop.	
Use	Kirchhoff's rules can be used to analyze any circuit, simple or complex	
Type of Kirchhoff's Law	1- Kirchhoff's Current Law (KCL) 2- Kirchhoff's Voltage Law (KVL)	

II. PRESENTATION:

	1	
Use	Kirchhoff's rules can be used to analyze any circuit, simple or complex	Node I1 In
Type of Kirchhoff's Law	 1- Kirchhoff's Current Law (KCL) 2- Kirchhoff's Voltage Law (KVL) 	I ₅ I ₂ Currents Out I ₄ I ₃
1 st Law	The current flowing into a node or a junction must be equal to current flowing out of it.	$I_1 + I_2 + I_3 + (-I_4 + -I_5) = 0$
2 nd Law	The sum of all voltages around any closed loop is a circuit must equal zero.	$v_{1} \begin{pmatrix} + & V_{2} & - & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & $

er in $ \begin{array}{c c} i_1 & a & i_3 \\ & & & & & & \\ & + & v_1 & - & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & i_2 \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$
a Use chart, project
Solve problem

III. APPLICATION:

- 1. What is Kirchhoff's Law?
- 2. How many type of Kirchhoff's Law?
- 3. Tell few advantage of Kirchhoff's Law?

Summary:

We had discussed about Define the Kirchhoff's Law, Differentiate between Kirchhoff's Current Law Kirchhoff's voltage Law for series and parallel circuits; Use the KCL & KVL for Network analysis.

IV. TEST:

Assignment:

- 1. What are the two law's of Kirchhoff's Law? Explain.
- 2. What is Kirchhoff's Current Law formula?
- 3. What is Kirchhoff's current & voltage law?

Reference: NIMI, 1st year Electrician trade Theory.

Next lesson: Conductor Joint.

Prepared by: Sagar, VI, Electrician, NSTI, Mumbai