

(EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS)  
SEMESTER - II

Time: 3 Hrs.

Marks: 50

Note: Attempt all the questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

This paper carries negative marking. 25% marks will be deducted for each wrong answer.

Choose the correct answers:

1. The percentage of small industry sector is \_\_\_\_\_ of whole industrial production of the country:  
(a) 25% (b) 50% (c) 70% (d) 80%
2. The reasons for failure of an industrialist are \_\_\_\_\_:  
(a) Tough competition (b) More expenditure  
(c) High rate of product (d) All of these
3. Full form of D.I.C. is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) Direct Investment Centre (b) Delhi Industrial Corporation  
(c) District Industry Centre (d) Dual Investment Corporation
4. How many banks were nationalized on 15<sup>th</sup> April, 1980?  
(a) 4 (b) 6 (c) 8 (d) 10
5. When was Indian Financial Corporation of India (IFCI) established?  
(a) 1948 (b) 1946 (c) 1951 (d) 1956
6. Which of the following was established as an ancillary organization of Indian Reserve Bank?  
(a) IDBI (b) ICICI (c) IFCI (d) All of these
7. First cotton mill was set up in \_\_\_\_\_.  
(a) Kolkata (b) Rajasthan  
(c) Gujarat (d) Andhra Pradesh
8. Members in Partnerships are \_\_\_\_\_:  
(a) One (b) Two or more than two (c) One Hundred (d) Five Hundred
9. Important thing in selection of an industry is \_\_\_\_\_:  
(a) Demand of product (b) Capital  
(c) Nearest Transport Facility (d) All of these
10. The most developed country is:  
(a) Germany (b) Japan (c) Switzerland (d) Russia
11. Which are the sudden risks?  
(a) Fire (b) Accident during working on Machine (c) Injury (d) All of these

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12. Workmen Compensation Act was implemented in \_\_\_\_\_  
 (a) July 1923 (b) December 1923  
 (c) July 1924 (d) December 1924
13. Arrangement of \_\_\_\_\_ must be available in industry in which women workers employed.  
 (a) Crèche (b) Maternity homes (c) Canteen (d) Rest rooms
14. Production work \_\_\_\_\_ due to strike or lockout.  
 (a) Cost increases (b) Panic increases (c) fatigue increases (d) Stops
15. Which of the following one is part of Total Quality Cost?  
 (a) Prevention Cost (b) Evaluation Cost  
 (c) Failure Cost (d) All of these
16. Best price or Zero Cost is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Quality Leadership (b) Poor quality product  
 (c) Discounted Cost (d) None of these
17. Quality means \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Zero error (b) As per requirement  
 (c) Meeting the standards established for the product (d) Both (b) & (c)
18. Recycling \_\_\_\_\_ the cost of product.  
 (a) Decreases (b) Increases (c) No effect (d) none of the above
19. 80% problems are found in 20% work, this concept was given by \_\_\_\_\_:  
 (a) Deming (b) Crosby (c) Juran (d) Pareto
20. Continuous reform process uses \_\_\_\_\_ cycle.  
 (a) PDCA (b) SGA (c) QC (d) None
21. The aim of Kaizen is to remove the \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Useless items (b) Productivity (c) Personification (d) Negligence
22. How many countries are the members of ISO?  
 (a) 58 (b) 91 (c) 101 (d) 56
23. Hand protection is done in industries through \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Helmet (b) Goggles (c) Gloves (d) Mask
24. Suggestions under "Kaizen" may be implemented \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Within a week (b) With the approval of CEO  
 (c) Immediately (d) At the time of expansion
25. The long term benefits by using 5 S system is/are \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (a) Efficiency (b) Safety  
 (c) Increase in profit (d) All of these

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